```
module Region where
type Point = (Double, Double)
type Region = Point -> Bool
type Radius = Double
rectangle :: Double -> Double -> Region
rectangle w h = \langle (x, y) \rangle and [x \ge -w', x \le w', y \ge -h', y \le h']
where
w' = w / 2
h' = h / 2
inside :: Point -> Region -> Bool
p `inside` r = r p
______
-- For Pass
dist :: Point -> Point -> Double
dist (px, py) (qx, qy) = sqrt ((qx - px)^2 + (qy - py)^2)
circle :: Radius -> Region
circle r = p \rightarrow dist(0, 0) p <= r
outside :: Region -> Region
outside r = p \rightarrow not (p inside r)
combine :: Region -> Region -> Region
r `combine` s = p \rightarrow p \& s p \rightarrow The task was not clear on how to combine, it
is also OK to define it as an or
data Proximity = Close | Near | Far deriving (Eq, Ord, Show)
proximity :: Point -> Point -> Proximity
proximity from to
| d > 2 = Far
\mid d > 1 = Near
| otherwise = Close
where
d = dist from to
_____
-- For excellent
move :: Point -> Region -> Region
move (dx, dy) r = r \cdot (x, y) \rightarrow (x - dx, y - dy)
annulus :: Radius -> Radius -> Region
annulus r s | r <= s = outside (circle r) `combine` circle s
       | otherwise = error "annulus: second radius should be larger"
redCircle, greenAnnulus, blueThing :: Region
redCircle = move (2, 2) $ circle 3
greenAnnulus = move (-5, 5) $ annulus 2 1
blueThing = move (-2, -4) $ rectangle 10 4 `combine` move (4, 0) (circle 2)
```

```
module Keith where
-- For pass:
digits :: Int -> Int -> [Int]
digits base n = case n `divMod` base of
(0, r) \rightarrow [r]
(q, r) \rightarrow r : digits base q
isKeith :: Int -> Bool
isKeith = isKeithBase 10
_____
-- For excellent:
isKeithBase :: Int -> Int -> Bool
isKeithBase base n = go (digits base n)
where
go xs | n < base = False -- that is length xs < 2
| m < n = go (m : init xs)
| otherwise = m == n
where
m = sum xs
keithNumbers :: [Int]
keithNumbers = filter isKeith [1..]
```

```
module Battle where
import Data.List (partition)
import Test.QuickCheck
import Region
______
-- For pass:
data Piece = Piece { description :: String, region :: Region }
instance Show Piece where -- This was quite confusing for many, we take it away
from the exam
show = description
allPieces :: [Piece]
allPieces = [heli, tank, ship]
where
tank = Piece "Tank" (rectangle 2 3)
ship = Piece "Ship" (rectangle 3 6)
heli = Piece "Heli" (circle 2)
movePiece :: Point -> Piece -> Piece
movePiece pos (Piece desc r) = Piece desc (move pos r)
fire :: IO Point
fire = do
putStr "Take a shot! Please give the x-coordinate:\n> "
x <- readLn
putStr "And now the y-coordinate:\n> "
y <- readLn
return (x, y)
-----
-- For excellent:
genPiece :: Gen Piece
genPiece = let g = choose (-10, 10) in do
x < - g
y <- g
p <- elements allPieces
return $ movePiece (x, y) p
play :: Int -> [Piece] -> IO [Piece]
play 0 ps = return ps
play [] = return []
play n ps = do
shot <- fire
let (hits, ps') = partition (\p -> shot `inside` region p) ps
print hits
play (n - 1) ps'
```

```
module URL where
import Test.QuickCheck
input, output :: String
input = "http://alex.nl/age?input=25"
output = "http%3A%2F%2Falex.nl%2Fage%3Finput%3D25"
-- For pass:
escape :: Char -> String
escape c = case c of
':' -> "%3A"
'/' -> "%2F"
'?' -> "%3F"
'=' -> "%3D"
-> [c]
type URL = String
encodeURL :: URL -> URL
encodeURL [] = []
encodeURL (x:xs) = escape x ++ encodeURL xs
_____
-- For excellent:
encodeURL' :: URL -> URL
encodeURL' = concatMap escape
-- Some properties, many more are possible
prop model :: URL -> Bool
prop model url = encodeURL url == encodeURL' url
prop safe :: URL -> Bool
prop safe = all safe . encodeURL
where
safe x = x \in \mathbb{Z} notElem ":/?="
prop idempotent :: URL -> Bool
prop_idempotent url = let url' = encodeURL url in url' == encodeURL url'
```